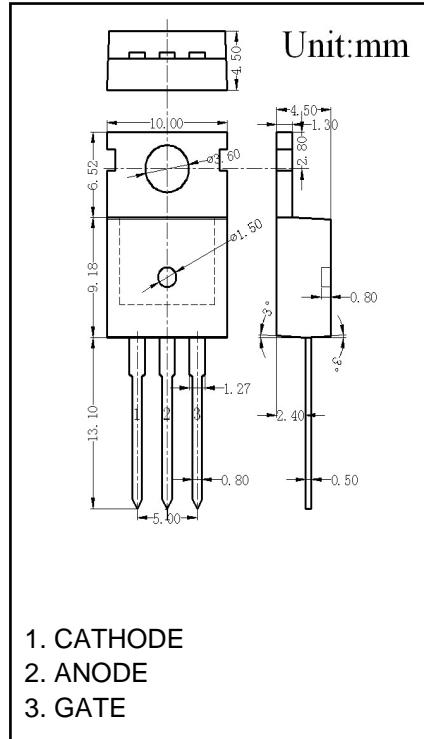
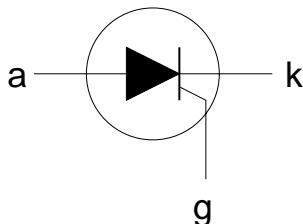


TO-220 Plastic-Encapsulate Thyristors

BT151-650/800

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Glass passivated thyristors in a plastic envelope, intended for use in applications requiring high bidirectional blocking voltage capability and high thermal cycling performance. Typical applications includ emotor control,industrial and domestic lighting,heating and static switching.


LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.			UNIT
V_{DRM} , V_{RRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages		-	$-500R$ 500 ¹	$-650R$ 650 ¹	$-800R$ 800	V
$I_{T(AV)}$ $I_{T(RMS)}$ I_{TSM}	Average on-state current RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	half sine wave; $T_{mb} \leq 109^\circ\text{C}$ all conduction angles	-	7.5	12		A
I^2t dI_T/dt	I^2t for fusing Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after triggering	half sine wave; $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ prior to surge $t = 10\text{ ms}$ $t = 8.3\text{ ms}$ $t = 10\text{ ms}$ $I_{TM} = 20\text{ A}$; $I_G = 50\text{ mA}$; $dI_G/dt = 50\text{ mA}/\mu\text{s}$	- - - -	100	110	50	A A A A^2s $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
I_{GM} V_{GM} V_{RGM}	Peak gate current Peak gate voltage Peak reverse gate voltage		-	2	5	5	A V V
P_{GM} $P_{G(AV)}$	Peak gate power Average gate power	over any 20 ms period	-	5	0.5	0.5	W W
T_{stg} T_j	Storage temperature Operating junction temperature		-40 -	150	125	125	$^\circ\text{C}$ $^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$R_{th\ j\text{-}mb}$	Thermal resistance junction to mounting base		-	-	1.3	K/W
$R_{th\ j\text{-}a}$	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	in free air	-	60	-	K/W

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
I_{GT}	Gate trigger current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	2	15	mA
I_L	Latching current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	10	40	mA
I_H	Holding current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	7	20	mA
V_T	On-state voltage	$I_T = 23\text{ A}$	-	1.4	1.75	V
V_{GT}	Gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	0.6	1.5	V
I_D, I_R	Off-state leakage current	$V_D = V_{DRM(max)}; I_T = 0.1\text{ A}; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_D = V_{DRM(max)}; V_R = V_{RRM(max)}; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.25	0.4	-	V
			-	0.1	0.5	mA

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
dV_D/dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	$V_{DM} = 67\% V_{DRM(max)}; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$; exponential waveform;				
t_{gt}	Gate controlled turn-on time	Gate open circuit $R_{GK} = 100\ \Omega$ $I_{TM} = 40\text{ A}; V_D = V_{DRM(max)}; I_G = 0.1\text{ A};$ $dI_G/dt = 5\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	50 200	130 1000	- -	V/ μs V/ μs
t_q	Circuit commutated turn-off time	$V_D = 67\% V_{DRM(max)}; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C};$ $I_{TM} = 20\text{ A}; V_R = 25\text{ V}; dI_{TM}/dt = 30\text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$ $dV_D/dt = 50\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}; R_{GK} = 100\ \Omega$	-	70	-	μs

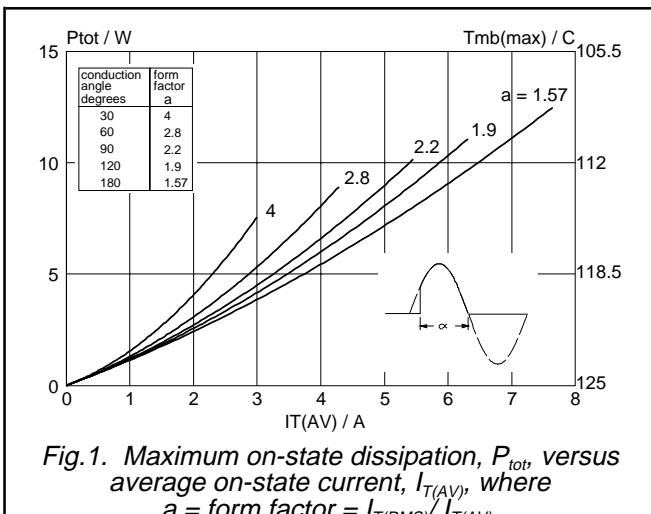


Fig.1. Maximum on-state dissipation, P_{tot} , versus average on-state current, $I_{T(AV)}$, where $a = \text{form factor} = I_{T(RMS)} / I_{T(AV)}$.

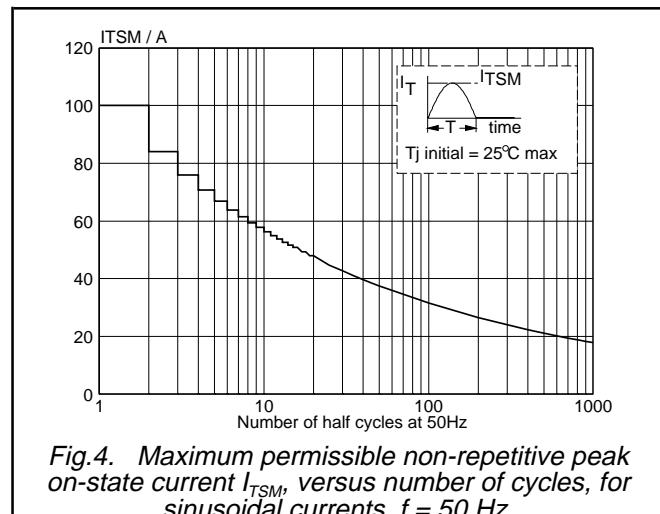


Fig.4. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents, $f = 50$ Hz.

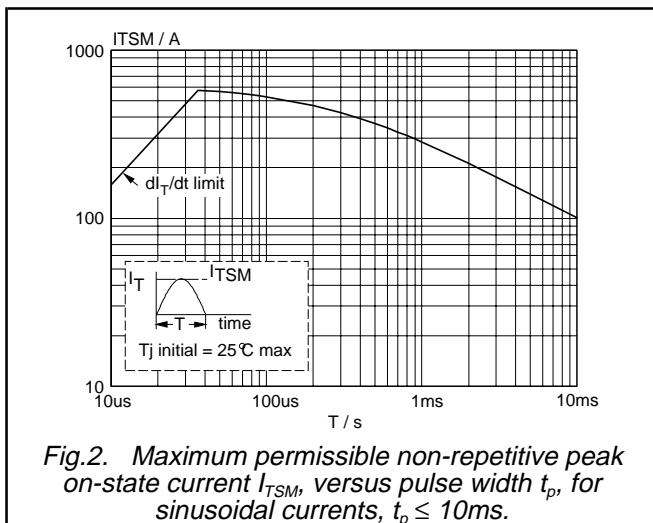


Fig.2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus pulse width t_p , for sinusoidal currents, $t_p \leq 10\text{ms}$.

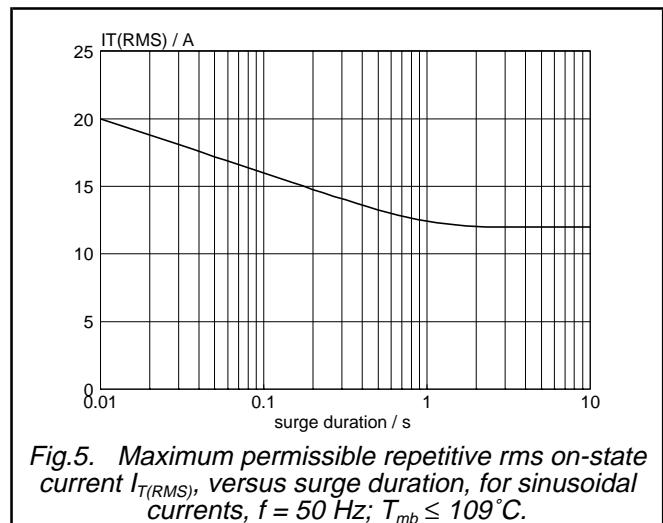


Fig.5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents, $f = 50$ Hz; $T_{mb} \leq 109^\circ\text{C}$.

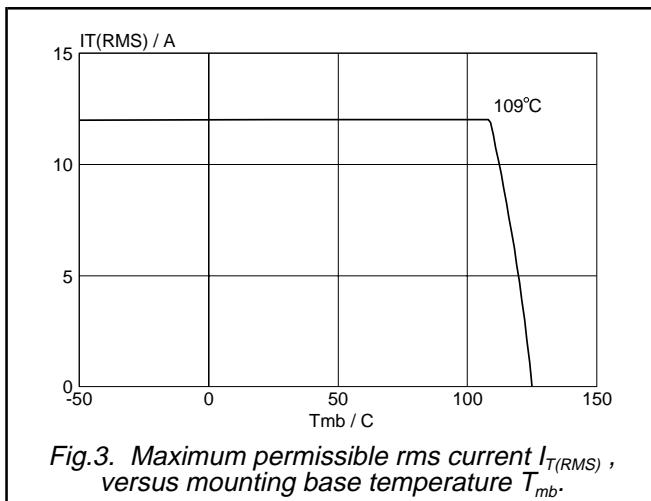


Fig.3. Maximum permissible rms current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus mounting base temperature T_{mb} .

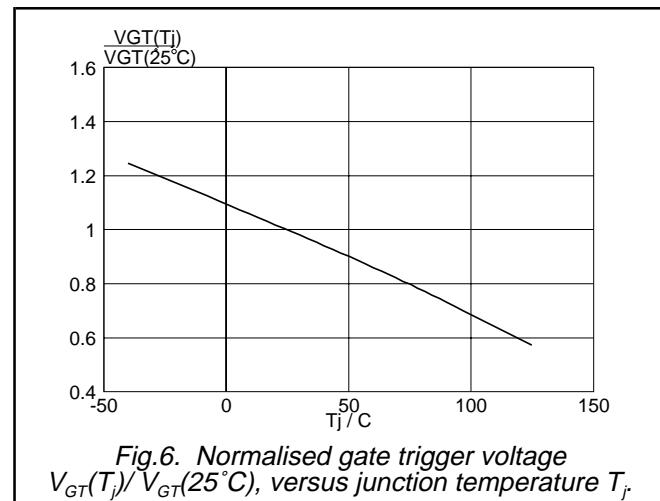


Fig.6. Normalised gate trigger voltage $V_{GT}(T_j) / V_{GT}(25^\circ\text{C})$, versus junction temperature T_j .

